the year in the country or next two years?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI PABAN SINGH GHATOWAR): (a) revision of syllabi of designated trades conducted by the Industrial Training Institutes in the country is a continuous process taken up from time to time under the expert guidance of Trade Committees to keep pace with the emerging new sophisticated technologies and rapid diversification In Industries.

(b) and (c) Introduction of the new trades ander the Craftsmen Training Scheme is a continuous process based on the recommendations of State Government/Union Territory Administrations, the user organisations represented by the employers organisation and experts.

The following new trades have been identified for introduction in Industrial Training Institutes.

1. Phototype Setter & Desk Top Publishing Operator.
2. Baker and Confectioner.
3. Architectural Draftsmanship.

In addition to the above, the State Governments are free to introduce trades in the LT.Is. in their respective States depending upon local market requirements after obtaining approval of their State Councils for Vocational Training (SCVTs)

(d) So far as the opening of new Industrial Training Institutes in the country is concerned, it falls under the administrative control of the respective ■State Governments depending upon the growth of the Industry and the skilled manpower requirement. The role of the Directorate General of Employment and Training, Ministry of Labour is limited to grant affiliation to N.C.V.T. if all the pre-requisites are satisfactorily met. The Central Government has proposed setting up of 100 new Industrial Training Institutes for Women under a Centrally Sponsored Scheme under Vocational Training Project assisted by the World Bank.

New hospital cleared by ESI

3128. SHRI SURESH KALMADI: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether it a fact that the Employees State Insurance Corporation of India has cleared 31 new Hospital projects in different parts of the country;

(b) if so, what are the locations of the projects; and

(c) what other steps Governments propose to take to meet the growing demands of the beneficiaries?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI PABAN SINGH GHATOWAR): (a) and (b) The employees State Insurance Corporation has agreed for construction of 34 new hospitals in different parts of the country. A statement showing the location of these projects is annexed. *(see below)*

(c) The administration of medical care under the ESI Scheme is the statutory responsibility of the concerned State Govts./UT administrations, except in Delhi and Noida where it is being directly adminstered by the ESI Corporation. At places where the ESI hospital facilities are presently not available, the State Govts. are authorised to provide medical care to the ESI beneficiaries by reserving beds in Govt. or other hospitals.

Statement

New Hospitals cleared by ESIC

Location of the Proposed ESI Hospitals

S. No.	Name of State/U.T.	Location of the Project
1	2	3
1.	Andhra Pradesh	Nacharam
2.	Gujarat	Vapi
3.	Haryana	Bhiwani
4.	Himachal Pradesh	Parwanoo
5.	Karnataka	Shahbad
6.	Karnataka	Belgaum
7.	Maharashtra	Kohlapur
8.	Maharashtra	Chinchwad (Pune)

1	2	3
9.	Punjab	mandi, Gobindgarh
10.	Punjab	Hoshiarpur
11.	Rajasthan	Bhilwara
12.	Rajasthan	Pali
13.	Tamil Nadu	Hosur
14.	West Bengal	Thakurpukur
15.	Delhi (U.T.)	Okhla
16.	Delhi (U.T.)	Rohini
17.	Andhra Pradesh	Tirupathi
18.	Gujarat	Nadiad
19.	Gujarat	Naroda
20.	Gujarat	Khanpur (Ahmedabad)
21.	Gujarat	Jamnagar
22.	Haryana	Bahadurgarh
23.	Haryana	Gurgaon
24.	Madhya Pradesh	Jabalpur
25.	Orissa	Rourkela
26.	Orissa	Bhubaneswar
27.	Rajasthan	Alwar
28.	Rajasthan	Udaipur
29.	Tamil Nadu	Methyrdam
30.	Tamil Nadu	Tiruchirapalli
31.	West Bengal	Gharshyamnagar
32.	West Bengal	Durgapur
33.	Delhi (U.T.)	Maternity Hospital/ Nursing Training College.
34.	Chandigarh (U.T.)	Chandigarh

Labour force in Organised and Unorganised Sectors

3129. DR. SHRIKANT RAMCHANDRA JICHKAR: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) what is the total labour force in the organised sector in the country as on 1st November, 1992;

(b) what is the total labour force in the unorganised sector in the country excluding the agricultural labour; and

(c) what is the detailed analysis of (a) above?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI PABAN SINGH GHATOWAR): (a) As per latest available statistics the total labour force in the organised sector in the country was 257 million.

(b) The total labour force in the unorganised sector in the country excluding agricultural labour was 142 million.

(c) Detailed analysis of (a) is given below:—

Employment in the Organised Sector

At the end of	Employment (in lakhs)		Total
	Public Sector	Private Sector	
March, 1988	183.20	73.91	257.12
March, 1989 (Provisional)	185.05	74.78	259.13

N.B.—Organised Sector comprise—(i) Ail establishments in the public sector & (ii)non-agricultural establishments in the Private Sector employing 10 or more persons covered under the E.M.I. Programme.

संसद सदस्यों के पत्रों के उत्तर

3130. श्री ईश दत्त यादव: क्या श्रम मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) विगत् छह महीनों के दौरान संसद सदस्यों की ओर से प्राप्त पत्रों/अभ्यावेदनों/ज्ञापनों की संख्या कितनी-कितनी है;

(ख) कितने मामलों में पन्द्रह दिनों के भीतर पावती भेज दी गई और कितने मामलों में अब तक अन्तिम उत्तर नहीं भेजे गये है;

(ग) पन्द्रह दिनों के भीतर पावती और तीन महीनों के भीतर अन्तिम उत्तर नहीं भेजे जाने के क्या कारण है;

(घ) पावती और अन्तिम उत्तर भेजने में विलंब के लिये दोषी पाये गये अधिकारियों की संख्या कितनी और पावती तथा अन्तिम उत्तर नहीं दिये जाने और सांसदों को गुमराह किये जाने का क्या आधार है; और

(ङ) इन अधिकारियों को क्या सजा दी गई है?

श्रम मंत्रालय में उप मंत्री (श्री पवन सिंह घटोवर): (क) से (ङ) सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है और सभा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी।